

SUMMARIES

FARKAS, ÁDÁM

REFLECTIONS AND PROPOSITIONS TO QUESTIONS OF CERTAIN REGULATORY ISSUES OF ARMED DEFENCE IN THE LIGHT OF UKRAINIAN CRISIS AND THE NEWEST CHALLENGES OF INTERNATIONAL TERRORISM

Abstract

The author's aim in his study is to attract attention to the domestic legal relevance of contemporary challenges that were deemed the most dangerous – essentially in special law and order – with the criticism of legal institutions. Therefore the paper starts with the analysis and overview of the Ukrainian crisis and the phenomena of the Islamic State. After this the author proceeds to identify the legal institutes, which could permit armed response to similar challenges.

After this the author formulates observations to certain challenges referring to the Hungarian legal system. Within the frame of the critics the author surveys not only the spirituality of the system crafted at the regime change in 1989, but the relation of effective regulations and abilities too. Based on all these, the enclosing of the study contains suggestion in point of the revision and development of domestic armed defence system's legal regulation, in the belief that these could help the strengthening of Hungary's armed defence potential.

Keywords

Armed defence, emergency law, Ukrainian crisis, Islamic State, failed states, international terrorism.

GÖMBÖS, CSILLA

EXCERPTS FROM THE DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS OF THE ANCIENT TIMES

Abstract

Current study focuses on the institutional improvement of the outstanding ancient superpowers' diplomatic relations. On the one hand, the study presents the institutional peculiarities that were characteristics of the ancient Middle-Eastern region's connections, evoking different significant treaties remained from the region, on the other hand, diplomatic institutions of the ancient Greece are examined, with special regards to the institutions of proxenia, amphictyon, and symmarchy, as well as various categories of deputies. Moreover, the study – among others – focuses on institutions playing a significant role in the foreign activity of the Roman Empire.

Keywords

Diplomacy, envoys, proxenia, amphictyon, symmarchy, collegium fetialium, pater patratus, foedus

KÁLMÁN, JÁNOS

THE FRAMEWORK OF THE MACROPRUDENTIAL POLICY

Abstract

The global economic crisis has sharply pointed out that due to the financial globalization the certain financial institutions in the financial system are interconnected by a thousand links, which results in the instability in the financial system – so-called contagion effect – at the global level. Explicit responsibility for the prevention of the build-up of systemic risks, to identify and manage the risks did not exist before the world economic crisis. Since 2008, the development of macro-prudential policy framework aims to fill this gap. In a globalized financial system the framework of macro-prudential policy starts at the international level, but the European countries with regard to the emphasis placed by the European Union, in addition to the primary responsibility rests on the shoulders of the states.

Keywords

European System Risk Board, Financial Stability Board, macroprudential regulation and supervision, Single Supervisory Mechanism, soft law.

KESERŰ, BARNA ARNOLD

THE MAIN NODES OF THE BORN OF THE SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT IN THE SCIENCE AND INTERNATIONAL LEGISLATION

Abstract

In the study I would like to explore those paramount important scientific thought experiments that directly contributed to the concept of sustainable development and made it one of the key-off points for the international legislation. The global problems what are tried to be handled by the idea of sustainable development has been taken in the field of view of scientific discourse more than two decades before the appearance of that idea in the international law and were actively investigated. These different – but fundamentally related – works essentially marked the theoretical lines of fragmentation, which later became the pillars of sustainable development and the international community have gained enhanced interest in them. The works of Carson, Hardin, Meadows, Schumacher and Jackson heralded the fateful moment when humanity must change its unsustainable way of life, otherwise a system-wide collapse is expected. The recognition of the compulsion of decision now is clearly reflected everywhere from the philosophy through the natural sciences to the international documents, but unfortunately we can witnessing only exceptional changes which could give some hope.

Keywords

Sustainable development, environmental protection, overpopulation, economic growth, chaos point.

PONGRÁCZ, ALEX

BACK TO THE FUTURE, OR THE ALTERNATIVES OF STATE-AND SOCIETY BUILDING IN THE 21ST CENTURY

Abstract

In the scientific literature of recent years new concepts appeared which reject neoliberalism. The author is quite certain about think that opposing neoliberal statements which have been treated as unquestionable dogmas for decades, there are new theories gaining ground which predict a new kind of role for the state. Based on these, a worldview can be constructed which unites the forces of the market, civil society, and the state, under the auspices of democratic pluralism and within the framework of a regulated market, by placing civil society first, state second, and market institutions third in an order of priority.

Keywords

Neoliberalism, economic crisis, welfare state, social Europe, state building, society, market, state, organized capitalism

TRENYISÁN, MÁTÉ

THE COMPONENTS OF INDEMNITY REGARDING LIABILITY FOR DAMAGES

Abstract

The Act I of 2012 on the Labour Code (hereinafter referred to as Labour Code) kept the main regulatory principles concerning the liability for damages of the old Labour Code. The employer's liability for damages is still strict and objective, regardless of culpability.

While the indemnity is limited in the case of the employee's liability for damages, the employer – referring to Section 167 (1), Labour Code – is obligated to indemnify its employee in full, therefore the regulation concerning the latter is based on the principle of full indemnity. It is obvious that during the creation of rules regarding the employer's liability for damages the legislator took into consideration that the purpose of the work engagement from the employee's perspective is the creation of the existential safety of him/herself and his/her dependants. Consequently, the indemnity is aimed to attain full reparation.

The purpose of this work is to present which rights can be enforced by an aggrieved employee against its employer. The layout of the present text follows this concept as well. If the employer is liable for damages, he is obligated to indemnify for the following: lost wage in and out of the work engagement, material damages and costs, other costs related to health impairment, damages of relatives, non-pecuniary damages.

Basically, the analysis has a critical approach and descriptive character; furthermore, it is an important goal of mine to present the relevant judicial custom in a systematically structured, analytical way.

Keywords

Compensation for damage, employer's Liability, employer's Liability for Damages, extent of compensation for damage, mode of compensation for damage, regular payments, the loss of income.